### TU COM :

### **BLAZHKO RR LYRAE**

### **IN A BINARY SYSTEM??**

3<sup>d</sup> European Conference for Amateur Variable Star Observers

Hamburg - 2016/09/17

Pierre de Ponthière www.dppobservatory.net

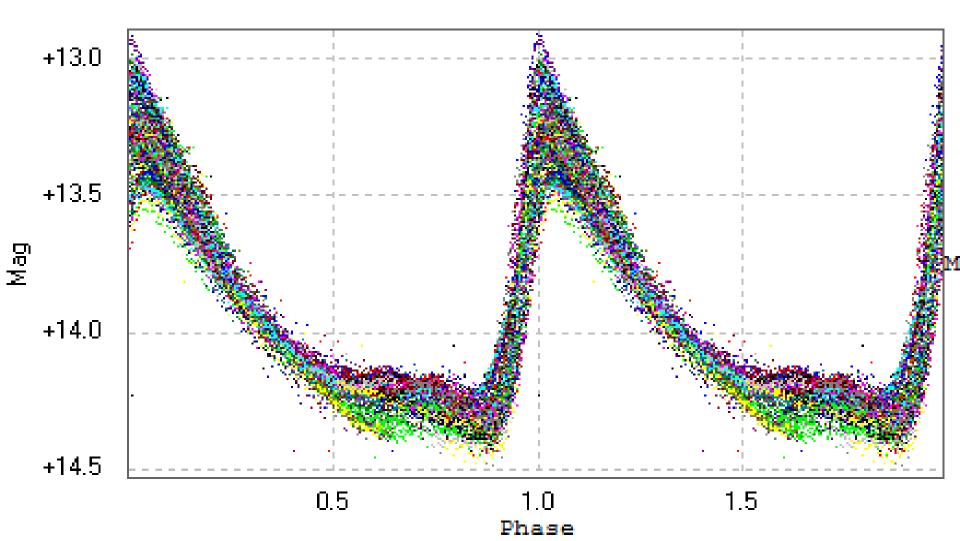
# **TU** Com observations

- A group of AAVSO observers
  - Josch Hambsch : New Mexico and Belgium
  - Ken Menzies : Massachusetts
  - Richard Sabo : Montana
  - Pierre de Ponthiere : New Mexico and Belgium
- 150 nights with a time span of 6.5 years
- 23 577 light curve data points

# **TU** Com main features

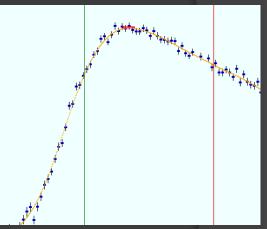
- RR Lyrae (RRab)
  - Pulsating period 0.4618665 day
- Blazhko effect
  - Periods 43.6 and 45.5 days
  - Maxima amplitude
  - Epoch of maxima (O-C)
- Long period
  - 1676 days
  - only (O-C) is affected
  - →Probably in a binary system

## Folded light curve on the pulsation period

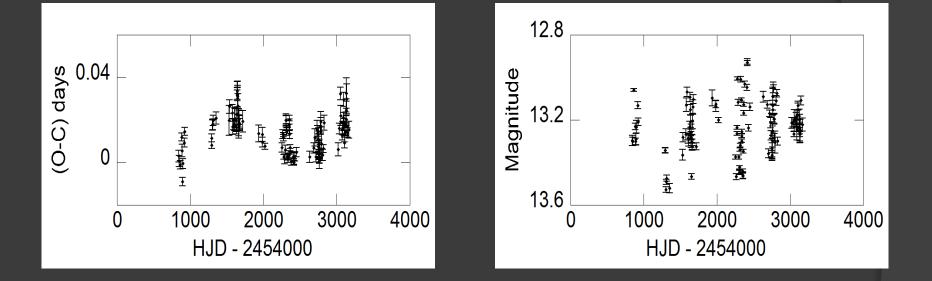


# Light curve maxima analysis

- Times and magnitudes of maxima are measured by curve fitting with a spline (Reinsch algorithm)
- I24 pulsation maxima recorded
  - (O-C) =  $t_{obs} (t_0 + n P_{pulsation})$
  - Magnitude at maximum
- Linear regression of the (O-C) values
  - Pulsation period of 0.4618665 day



## (O-C) and Magnitude at Maximum



#### Blazhko effect (45 days) on (O-C) and MagMax

 Periodic modulation (1676 days) of (O-C) is not apparent in the Magnitude diagram

### Spectral analysis of Maxima

۲	Period04 : (O-C)	
	<ul> <li>Blazhko period</li> </ul>	45.28 d
	<ul> <li>Long period</li> </ul>	1635 d
$oldsymbol{O}$	Period04 : Mmax	
	<ul> <li>Blazhko period</li> </ul>	43.37 d
	<ul> <li>Blazhko period</li> </ul>	45.36 d
	• The long period is not app	oarent

# Long period a sign of binary system

 Light-travel time effect in a binary system

variation in O-C and not in Magnitude at maximum

 $\rightarrow$ 

# Very few detected RR Lyrae in binary system

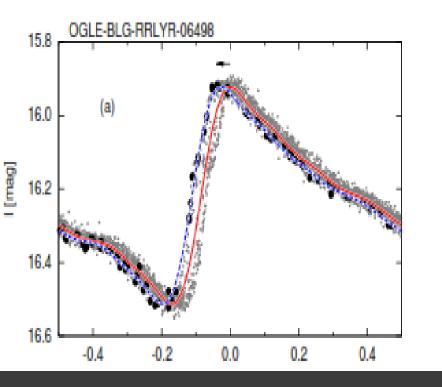
• Last century TU UMa was the only one.

- Today, 12 in galactic bulge and some others as potential in the galactic field.
- All those RR Lyrae in binary systems are not affected by Blazhko effect.
- Why?
  - Blazhko RR Lyrae are generally eliminated during the investigation.

### How to detect binary systems

- Eclipses
- Radial velocity (spectrometry)
- Light-travel time effect on the orbit  $\rightarrow$  O-C
  - O-C of the maxima
    - needs a large number of recorded data
  - O-C Hertzsprung's method
    - derive O-C from a light-curve template
    - not applicable to Blazhko star

# O - C Hertzsprung's method



- derive a Light Curve template
- each data point has an (O-C)
- applicable to sparse
   Light Curve sampling
- but not for Blazhko RR Lyrae

G. Hajdu et al.

### Orbital parameter estimation

### Iight-travel time equation

maxima are seen as ticks of a clock moving around the mass center

$$\tau = \frac{(a_{RRL} \sin i)}{c} \frac{(1 - e^2)}{(1 + e \cos v)} \sin (v + \omega) + \tau_0$$

bserver

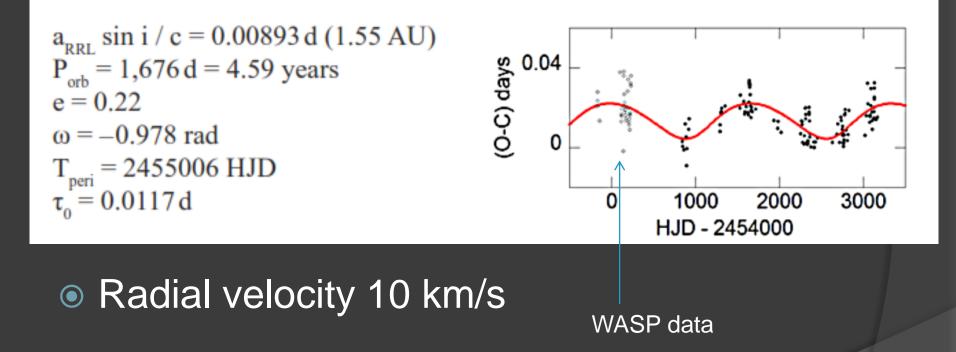
- $\tau$ : light-travel time
- arrl : semi-major axis
- i: orbit inclination
- e: orbit eccentricity
- v: true anomaly
- $\omega$ : periastron longitude

#### • minimize residuals $r = (O-C) - \tau$

with Levenberg-Marquart algorithm (improved Gauss-Newton method)

 Blazhko effect seen as a noise added to light-travel time.

### Orbital parameter estimation



### Secondary star mass estimation ● Assuming 0.7 M☉ for the RR Lyrae

Table 7. Secondary mass and semi-major axes of the two stars for different orbital inclinations.

Orbital Inclination (degrees)	Secondary Mass $(M_{\odot})$	$a_{_{RRL}}$ (AU)	a (AU)
90	0.70	1.55	1.54
80	0.72	1.57	1.53
70	0.77	1.65	1.50
60	0.87	1.78	1.44
50	1.07	2.02	1.32
40	1.45	2.40	1.16
30	2.36	3.09	0.92
20	5.56	4.52	0.57
10	34.84	8.90	0.18

derived from Kepler's third law

 Secondary star probably more evolved as its mass is higher than RR Lyrae mass
 (both stars formed at same epoch and have same metallicity)

## Conclusions

- To confirm TU Com binary system, spectroscopic radial velocity measurement would be required.
- A challenge as the radial velocity is low (10km/s) and impacted by pulsation and motion of the atmospheric layers of the RR Lyrae.
- If confirmed, TU Com will be the first detected RR Lyrae with Blazhko effect in a binary system

## References

- de Ponthière, P. *et al*, 2016 TU Comae Berenices: Blazhko RR Lyrae Star in a Potential Binary System J. Amer. Assoc. Var. Star Obs, **44**, 18
- Hajdu, G. *et al*, 2015 New RR Lyrae variables in binary systems.
   MNRAS 449, L113
- Hilditch, R. W. 2001, An Introduction to Close Binary Stars, Cambridge Univ. Press, Cambridge.